

MANUFACTURER DOCUMENT PACKAGE

Manufacturer's Manual

Reference package for procurement and maintenance review

BENTLY NEVADA

330881-16-10-100-03-02

3300 XL 8 MM PROXPAC PROXIMITY TRANSDUCER ASSEMBLY

Used with the applicable PROXPAC XL Proximity Transducer Assembly system configuration.

REFERENCE PACKAGE

OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

Selected official pages follow this cover with source pagination retained.

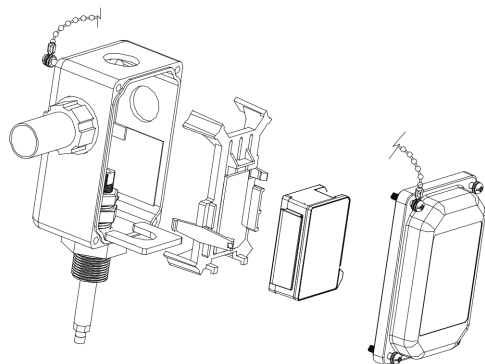
178554 Rev. E

PROXPAC XL Proximity Transducer Assembly

Datasheet

Cordant™

178554 Rev. E



Description

The design of the PROXPAC XL Proximity Transducer Assembly is similar to our 31000/32000 Proximity Probe Housing Assemblies. The assembly offers the same advantages and features as the 31000 and 32000 housings for accessing and externally adjusting proximity probes. However, the housing cover of the PROXPAC XL Assembly also contains its own 3300 XL Proximitor sensor. This design makes the PROXPAC XL Assembly a completely self-contained proximity probe system, and eliminates the need for an extension cable between the probe and its associated Proximitor sensor. It also eliminates the need for a separate Proximitor housing, as the field wiring connects directly between the monitors and PROXPAC XL Assemblies.

The PROXPAC XL housing is made of Polyphenylene Sulfide (PPS), which is an advanced, molded thermoplastic. This material replaces the steel and aluminum in previous housings offered in the Bently Nevada product line. It also incorporates glass and conductive fibers in the PPS to strengthen the housing and more effectively dissipate electrostatic charges. The PROXPAC XL housing is rated for Type 4X and for IP66 environments and provides extra protection in severe environments.



Baker Hughes 

Recommended minimum	76.2 mm (3.0 in)		Probe Tip Material	Polyphenylene Sulfide (PPS)
	When gapped at the center of the linear range, the interaction between two separate transducer systems (cross-talk) will be less than 50 mV on shaft diameters of at least 50 mm (2.0 in) or greater. Care should be taken to maintain minimum separation of transducer tips, generally at least 40 mm (1.6 in) for axial position measurements or 38 mm (1.5 in) for radial vibration measurements to limit cross-talk to 50 mV or less. Radial vibration or position measurements on shaft diameters smaller than 76.2 mm (3.0 in) will generally result in a change in scale factor. Consult Performance Specification 159484 for additional information.		Probe Case Material	AISI 304 stainless steel
			Probe Cable	1-metre length, 75 Ω triaxial, fluoroethylene propylene (FEP) insulated.
			Probe Connector	Gold-plated brass ClickLoc connector.
			Probe Tensile Strength	330 N (75 lb) between probe cable and case, maximum.
			Housing Material	Ultraviolet (UV) resistant, glass-reinforced polyphenylene sulfide (PPS) thermoplastic containing conductive fibers.
			Sleeve Material and Retaining Chain	AISI 304 stainless steel
			Outer Sleeve and Retaining Screws	AISI 303 stainless steel
			Sleeve O-Ring Material	Neoprene
			Grounding Liner and Retaining Plate Material	AISI 304 Stainless Steel
Vibration Isolation Material			Extra Soft Cellular Silicone	
Lid Label Material			Gloss Radiant White Polyester	

Effects of 60 Hz Magnetic Files Up To 300 Gauss		
Output Voltage in Mil pp/Gauss		
Gap (mils)	1-metre Proximitior Sensor	Probe
10	0.0124	0.0004
50	0.0110	0.0014
90	0.0126	0.0045

Electrical Classification:
Complies with the European CE mark.

Mechanical	
Housing Ratings	IP66 rating verified by BASEEFA report number T07/0709.

Recommended Torque		Probe Housing and Proximitors Sensor	
Retaining Nut	29.5 N·m (260 in·lb)	Operating Temperature	-52°C to +100°C (-62°F to +212°F)
Probe Sleeve Locknut	39.3 N·m (350 in·lb)	Proxpac Storage Temperature	-52°C to +105°C (-62°F to +221°F)
Housing Strength Typical	Outer sleeve was mounted on a test stand with its axis parallel to horizontal and the housing mounted on the outer sleeve through an end hole. The housing supported 912 N (205 lbf) placed approximately 38 mm (1.5 in) from the unsupported end with the cover fastened in place and grounding liner installed.	Relative Humidity (PROXPAC XL Sensor and probe)	100% condensing, non-submersible when connectors are protected. When properly sealed, moisture should not enter the housing. Users should take precautions to prevent moisture from traveling through the conduit into the housing.
Housing Impact Strength	Certified by BASEEFA to withstand two separate 4 Joule (5.4 ft·lb) impacts at -39°C (-38°F) and at 115°C (239°F). CSA verified that samples of the housing and cover could withstand a 7 Joule (9.5 ft·lb) impact at ambient room temperature.	Hot Water and Steam Exposure Effects	(Specification not guaranteed) Brief periods (up to one week) of contact with hot water 95 °C (203 °F) and/or condensing steam should not significantly affect the strength of the plastic housing. Longer contact with hot water or steam may weaken the plastic housing during the first 6 to 8 weeks of exposure and ultimately reduce the housing strength to approximately half of the initial value. Tests of actual housing performance after contact with hot water and condensing steam have not been conducted.
Total System Weight	1.44 kg (3.2 lbm) typical with 0.3 metre (12 in) sleeve length.		

Environmental Limits

Probe Temperature Range	
Operating Temperature	-52°C to +177°C (-62°F to +351°F)  Exposing the probe to temperatures below -34°C (-29°F) may cause premature failure of the pressure seal.

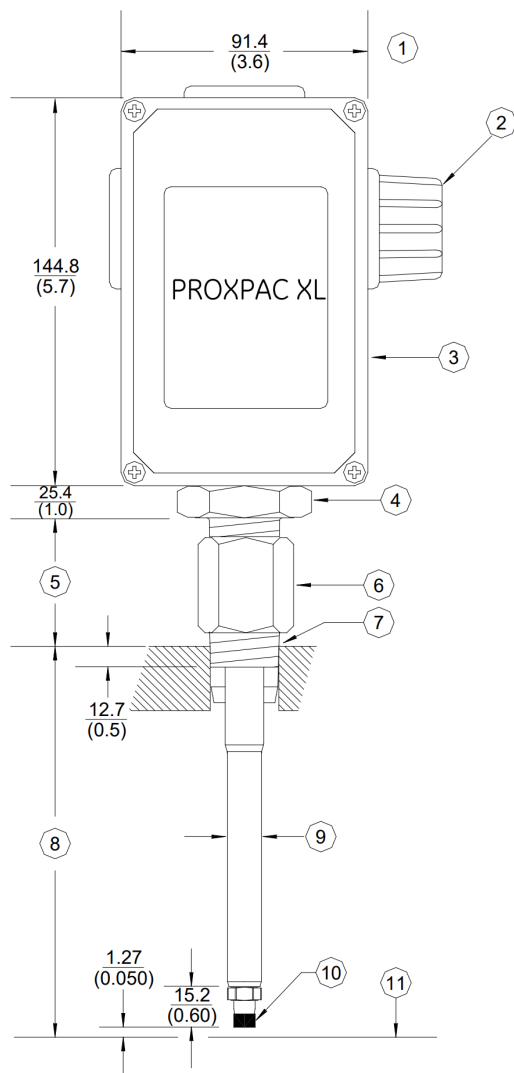


Figure 2: Dimensions for PROXPAC XL Proximity Transducer Assembly

1. Depth = 92.7 (3.65)
2. Fitting "D"
3. PROXPAC XL Housing
4. 42 (1.75) hexagonal
5. Dimension "B"
6. Standoff adaptor (optional)
7. 3/4-14 NPT
8. Dimension "C"
9. 12.7 (0.5) diameter stainless steel sleeve
10. Probe
11. Target surface