

MANUFACTURER DOCUMENT PACKAGE

Manufacturer's Manual

Selected official pages for procurement and maintenance review

PRODUCT BRAND

Bently Nevada

PRODUCT MODEL

18745-03

18745-03 - Five meter proximity conditioner
Selected manufacturer pages; verify exact configuration.

OFFICIAL SOURCE

7200 manufacturer catalog; revision not shown

[Open current manufacturer source](#)

AMIKON PRODUCT SUPPORT

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Amikon Limited prepared this independent reference package. Selected manufacturer pages follow with their original content and pagination visible.

7200 Proximity Transducer Systems

5 mm and 8 mm



Accurate, reliable measurements

The 7200 5 mm and 8 mm Proximity Transducer Systems are noncontacting, gap-to-voltage transducer systems that measure static as well as dynamic distances between the probe tip and the observed target. The general application is any requirement for an accurate, non-contacting displacement measurement. However, the most common use is for shaft position and vibration measurements on rotating and reciprocating machinery. They are designed for use with virtually any machine type including gas and steam turbines, compressors, pumps, centrifuges, electric motors and generators. The systems offer 80 mils (2 mm) of linear measuring range and are compatible with API 670 requirements.

A system consists of a probe with integral coaxial cable, an extension cable, and Proximator®. All 7200 proximity transducer systems are compatible with 3300 and 9000 Monitoring Systems.

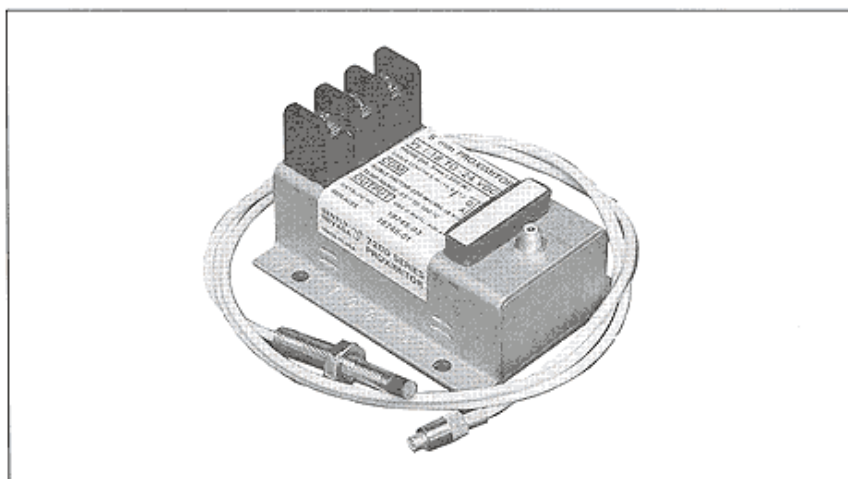
Applications

The 7200 5 and 8 mm Systems have a frequency response of 0 Hz (DC) to 10 kHz and can be used to make the following types of measurements:

- Radial vibration for indicating bearing condition and such machine malfunctions as rotor imbalance and misalignment.
- Axial thrust position for determining thrust bearing wear or potential bearing failure.
- Shaft average radial position, for determining attitude angle, an indicator of rotor stability.
- Vibration amplitude and phase angle for plotting diagnostic information in Polar and Bodé formats.
- Eccentricity to measure the amount of rotor bow.

How a proximity transducer system works

Operating on the eddy current principle, the proximity probe senses the distance between the probe tip and the observed surface. The Proximator generates a radio frequency signal, which is radiated through the probe tip



7200 Proximity Transducer System

into the observed surface. Eddy currents are generated in the surface, and the loss of strength in the return signal is detected by the Proximator, which conditions the signal for linear display on a monitor.

Improved proximity probes

An improved 8 mm version of the 7200 System is now standard which includes Bently Nevada's Cable Loc™ feature. This new technique of securing the coaxial cable to the probe tip provides the strongest junction yet offered by Bently Nevada and increases the durability of the probe during installation and usage.

Two new cable length options are now available on 8 mm probes. They are 5 metres and 9 metres of integral cable. Since the entire lead-length is built into the probe, an extension cable is not used with these length options.

Nine probe configurations are available to accommodate English and metric thread requirements (See Table 1). The 5 mm probes are constructed of fiberglass. The 8 mm probes are constructed of polyphenylene sulfide, (PPS), a high performance plastic capable of withstanding unusually harsh, wet and/or chemical environments.

Both transducers are suitable for use in a confined space and offer 80 mils (2 mm) of linear range with a scale factor of 200 mV/mil (8 V/mm).

Extension cables

The combination of probe with integral lead and extension cable is designed to achieve a system length of either five or nine metres from probe tip to Proximator. Probes are available with integral leads of various lengths to match the average extension cable lengths. Probes and cables of the same length, and Proximators with the same part number, are completely interchangeable.

For added protection, stainless steel armor is available. It provides improved resistance to physical abuse.

Proximators

The 5 mm and 8 mm systems use the same type of Proximator. Both 5 and 9 metre Proximators are available. A three-conductor, shielded cable provides the signal output and power source input between 7200 Proximators and Bently Nevada monitors. Proximators can be located up to 1,000 feet from standard Bently Nevada monitors without degradation of performance.

Hazardous locations

Most Bently Nevada 7200 Transducers are certified by CSA, BASEEFA and FM for use in specific hazardous locations. Refer to Data Sheet L1035 "Bently Nevada Systems for Hazardous Locations" for more details.

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5 mm and 8 mm Proximity Probe Configurations

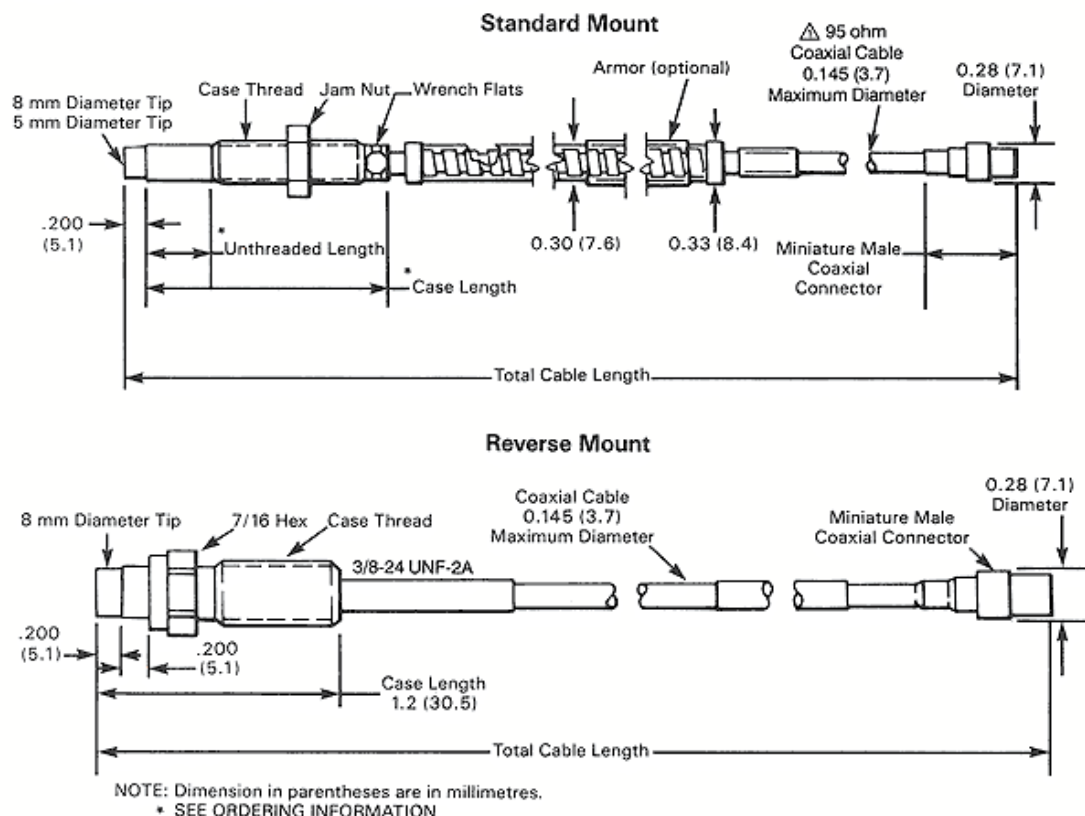


FIGURE 1
 ⚠ Maximum diameter for 21500 and 21501 probes is 0.111 in. (3.4 mm).

Specifications

Specifications were determined with a -24 Vdc power supply, 10 k Ω load, and an AISI 4140 steel target at +72°F (+22°C).

INPUT

Power: -17.5 Vdc to -26 Vdc at 12 mA maximum consumption.

OUTPUT

Calibrated Range: 80 mils (2.0 mm).
Begins at approximately 10 mils (0.25 mm) from probe face.

Scale Factor: 200 mV/mil (7.87 V/mm), $\pm 4\%$ (measured in increments of 10 mils over the calibrated range) if calibrated as a system. Within $\pm 9.5\%$ including interchangeability errors.

Linearity: Within 0.8 mils (0.02 mm) of a 200 mV/mil straight line if calibrated as a system. Within 2.3 mils (0.06 mm) of a 200 mV/mil straight line including interchangeability errors.

Frequency Response: 0 to 10 kHz (0 to 600,000 cpm); -5% at 10 kHz (600,000 cpm).

Temperature Sensitivity: Typically -3% change in scale factor at +150°F (+65°C) at 50 mils gap (1.27 mm).

ENVIRONMENTAL LIMITS

Operating Temperature:

Proximitors: -60°F to +212°F (-51°C to +100°C).

Probe and Extension Cable: -30°F to +350°F (-34°C to +177°C).

Relative Humidity: To 95%, noncondensing.

Corrosion Resistance (for 8 mm probes only): Probe operation is not affected by direct contact to the following: air, water, lube oil, ammonium hydroxide, sulfuric acid (10%), MEK (methyl-ethylketone) or DMF (Dimethylformamide).

System Weight: 1.3 lbs. (0.59 kg).

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TABLE 1
Probe Part Number Option Descriptions

TIP CONSTRUCTION		CASE		
PART NO. □□□□	DIAMETER	CONFIGURATION TYPE	THREADS	LEAD ARMOR
*21500-	5 mm	Standard	1/4-28	No
*21501-	5 mm	Standard	1/4-28	Yes (stainless steel)
21504-	8 mm	Standard	3/8-24	No
21505-	8 mm	Standard	3/8-24	Yes (stainless steel)
21508-02-12	8 mm	Reverse	3/8-24	No
22810-	8 mm	Standard	M10 × 1	Yes (stainless steel)
22811-	8 mm	Standard	M10 × 1	No
*22812-	5 mm	Standard	M8 × 1	Yes (stainless steel)
*22813-	5 mm	Standard	M8 × 1	No

* Maximum case length for all M8 × 1 probes is 100 mm; and for 1/4-28 probes is 4 inches. Also, maximum overall length for 5 mm probes is 1 metre.

PHYSICAL

For Probes: See Figure 1 and Table 1.

Proximator:

Size:

Height: 2.00 inches (50.8 mm)
maximum.

Length: 3.12 inches (79.2 mm).

Width: 2.38 inches (60.5 mm).

Weight: 7.9 ounces (22.0 kg).

Example: 004 = 0.4 inches

Metric thread configuration:

Maximum unthreaded length:

230 mm 23

Minimum unthreaded length:

0.0 mm 00

Example: 006 = 60 mm

B □ Overall Case Length Option*

Order in increments of 0.4

inches 004 for English thread,

10 mm 001 for metric threads.

English thread configurations:

Maximum case length:

9.6 inches 96

Minimum case length:

0.8 inches 08

Example: 24 = 2.4 inches

Metric thread configuration:

Maximum length:

250 mm 25

Minimum length:

20 mm 02

Example: 04 = 40 mm

C □ Total Length Option*

05 0.5 metre (20 inches).

Tolerance: +.13 metre, -.05 metre
(+ 5 inches, -2 inches).

10 1.0 metre (39 inches).

Tolerance: +.25 metre, -.10 metre
(+ 10 inches, -4 inches).

50 5 metre (195 inches).

Tolerance: +.6 metre, -.5 metre
(+ 24 inches, -20 inches).

90 9 metre (351 inches).

Tolerance: +1.0 metre, -.9 metre
(+ 39 inches, -35 inches).

D □ Connector Option

00 Without connector.

02 With miniature male coaxial
connector.

8 mm Reverse Mount Probe

A B C D
21508 - 02 - 12 - □□ - □□

Option Description

C □ Total Cable Length Option

05 0.5 metre (20 inches).

Tolerance: +.13 metre, -.05 metre
(+ 5 inches, -2 inches).

10 1.0 metre (39 inches).

Tolerance: +.25 metre, -.10 metre
(+ 10 inches, -4 inches).

50 5 metre (195 inches).

Tolerance: +.6 metre, -.5 metre
(+ 24 inches, -20 inches).

90 9 metre (351 inches).

Tolerance: +1.0 metre, -.9 metre
(+ 39 inches, -35 inches).

D □ Connector Option

00 Without connector.

02 With miniature male coaxial
connector.

Extension Cable

A B
21747 - □□□ - □□

Option Description

A □□ Cable Length Option ②

040 4.00 metres (157 inches).③

045 4.50 metres (177 inches).③

080 8.00 metres (315 inches).

085 8.50 metres (335 inches).

B □ Armor Option

00 Without armor.

01 With armor.

Ordering Information

5 mm and 8 mm Standard Mount Probe

A B C D
□□□□ - □□ - □□ - □□ - □□

Option Description

□□□□ Probe Part Number Option

Select from Table 1.

A □□ Unthreaded Length Option ①

Order in increments of 0.4

inches 004 for English thread,

10 mm 001 for metric threads.

English thread configurations:

Maximum unthreaded length:

8.8 inches 88

Minimum unthreaded length:

0.0 inches 00

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Proximitior

18745-□□

03 For combined probe and extension
cable system length of 5 metres
(16.4 feet).

04 For combined probe and extension
cable system length of 9 metres
(29.6 feet).

- ① *Unthreaded length must be at least 0.8 inches (20 mm) less than case length.*
- ② *Extension cable physical length equals the electrical length, $\pm 10\%$.*
- ③ *For use with the 18745-03 five-metre Proximitior only.*